# GRACE TEMPLE BAPTIST CHURCH OF LAWNSIDE Wednesday Night Bible Study (Class Notes)

#### **DEUTERONOMY 21-25**

# Chapter 21 VARIOUS LAWS

- A. The law of unsolved murders.
  - 1. The presence of an unsolved murder. (1)
    - a. If anyone is found slain:
    - b. It is not know who killed him:
  - 2. The procedure for atoning for murder-polluted land. (2-6)
    - a. The elders of the city nearest to the slain man:
    - b. A heifer which has not been worked:
  - 3. The prayer said by the elders as they washed their hands. (7-9)
    - a. Provide atonement, O LORD:
    - b. So, you shall put away the guilt of innocent blood:
- B. Laws relevant to family and home situations.
  - 1. Laws regarding the taking of a wife from conquered peoples. (10-14)
    - a. And you see among the captives a beautiful woman, and desire her:
    - b. Shave her head and trim her nails:
    - c. Put off the clothes of her captivity, remain in your house:
    - d. *Mourn her father and mother a full month:*
    - e. You certainly shall not sell her for money; you shall not treat her brutally:
  - 2. The protection of inheritance rights. (15-17)
    - a. If a man has two wives:
    - b. A double portion of all that he has:
  - 3. The penalty for a rebellious son. (18-21)
    - a. A stubborn and rebellious son:
    - b. Who, when they have chastened him, will not heed them:
    - c. Bring him out to the elders of his city:
    - d. And all Israel shall hear and fear:
  - 4. The curse upon one who hangs on a tree. (22-23)
    - a. And you hang him on a tree:
    - b. His body shall not remain overnight on the tree, but you shall surely bury him that day:
    - c. For he who is hanged is accursed of God:

- A. Laws to demonstrate kindness and purity.
  - 1. Kindness to your brother regarding his animals. (1-4)
    - a. You shall not see . . . and hide yourself:
    - b. *Until your brother seeks it; then you shall restore it to him:*
    - c. You shall surely help him lift them up again:
  - 2. A command to keep distinction between the sexes in clothing. (5)
    - a. Anything that pertains to a man:
    - b. Nor shall a man put on a woman's garment:
    - c. All who do so are an abomination to the LORD your God:
  - 3. A command to show kindness to animals. (6-7)
    - a. If a bird's nest happens to be before you along the way:
    - b. That it may be well with you and that you may prolong your days:
  - 4. Liability and building codes. (8)
    - a. You shall make a parapet for your roof:
    - b. That you may not bring bloodshed on your house:
  - 5. Four laws of separation. (9-12)
    - a. You shall not sow your vineyard with different kinds of seed:
    - b. You shall not plow with an ox and a donkey together:
    - c. You shall make tassels on the four corners of the clothing:
- B. Laws of sexual morality.
  - 1. Resolving an accusation of marital deception. (13-21)
    - a. Charges her with shameful conduct:
    - b. Then the father and mother . . . bring out the evidence of the young woman's virginity . . . they shall spread the cloth before the elders of the city:
    - c. The elders of the city shall take that man and punish him:
    - d. But if the thing is true, and evidences of virginity are not found for the young woman:
  - 2. The penalty for adultery. (22)
    - a. Both of them shall die:
    - b. Then both of them shall die:
    - c. So, you shall put away the evil from Israel:
  - 3. Laws concerning rape. (23-29)
    - a. If a young woman who is a virgin is betrothed to a husband:
    - b. But if a man finds a betrothed young woman in the countryside:
    - c. If a man finds a young woman who is a virgin, who is not betrothed:

- 4. A law concerning incest. (30)
  - A man shall not take his father's wife, nor uncover his father's bed.
    - a. A man shall not take his father's wife:
    - b. Nor uncover his father's bed:

# INSTRUCTIONS TO THE ASSEMBLY, VARIOUS LAWS

- A. Those excluded from the congregation of Israel.
  - 1. Eunuchs are excluded from the congregation of Israel. (1)
    - a. By crushing or mutilation:
    - b. Shall not enter the assembly of the LORD:
    - c. Shall not enter the assembly of the LORD:
  - 2. Those of unknown parentage are excluded from the assembly of Israel. (2)
    - a. One of illegitimate birth:
  - 3. Ammonites and Moabites are excluded from the congregation of Israel. (3-6)
    - a. An Ammonite or Moabite shall not enter the assembly of the LORD:
  - 4. Edomites and Egyptians (of the third generation) are permitted to be among the congregation of Israel. (7-8)
    - a. You shall not abhor an Edomite:
    - b. You shall not abhor an Egyptian:
- B. Miscellaneous laws.
  - 1. Cleanliness in the camp. (9-14)
    - a. When the army goes out against your enemies, then keep yourself from every wicked thing:
    - b. And you shall have an implement among your equipment: God commanded sanitary cleanliness among the army of Israel; each soldier was to carry some type of shovel, with which he could cover [his] refuse.
  - 2. Israel to provide asylum for the foreign escaped slave. (15-16)
    - a. You shall not give back to his master the slave who has escaped from his master to you:
  - 3. Sacred prostitution banned. (17-18)
    - a. Ritual harlot:
    - b. You shall not bring the wages of a harlot or the price of a dog to the house of the LORD your God:
  - 4. No interest to be charged to the family of Israel. (19-20)
    - a. You shall not charge interest to your brother; interest on money or food:

- 5. The importance of keeping our vows. (21-23)
  - a. You shall not delay to pay it:
  - b. *If you abstain from vowing:*
  - c. But if you abstain from vowing, it shall not be sin to you:
  - d. That which has gone from your lips you shall keep and perform:
- 6. The right to glean is given to travelers. (24-25)
  - a. When you come into your neighbor's vineyard:
  - b. You may pluck the heads with your hand

# THE LAW OF DIVORCE AND OTHER VARIOUS LAWS

- A. Divorce, remarriage and marriage.
  - 1. The law of divorce in ancient Israel. (1)
    - a. A certificate of divorce:
    - b. He writes her a certificate of divorce:
    - c. She finds no favor in his eyes because he has found some uncleanness in her:
    - d. He writes her a certificate of divorce:
  - 2. The law of remarriage in ancient Israel. (2-4)
    - a. Her former husband who divorced her must not take her back:
    - b. An abomination before the LORD:
  - 3. The law honoring marriage. (5)
    - a. He shall be free at home one year:
    - b. Bring happiness to his wife:
- B. Other various laws.
  - 1. Do not take someone's livelihood as a pledge. (6)
    - a. No man shall take the lower or the upper millstone in pledge:
    - b. For he takes one's living in pledge:
  - 2. The punishment for kidnapping. (7)
    - a. If a man is found kidnapping any of his brethren of the children of Israel:
    - b. That kidnapper shall die:
  - 3. The command to act swiftly when leprosy breaks out. (8-9)
    - a. Take heed in an outbreak of leprosy:
    - b. Remember what the LORD your God did to Miriam:
  - 4. Handling a pledge rightly. (10-13)
    - a. You shall not go into his house to get his pledge:
    - b. You shall not keep his pledge overnight:

- 5. The command to pay your workers. (14-15)
  - a. You shall not oppress a hired servant:
  - b. Lest he cry out against you to the LORD:
- 6. Each shall bear his own sin. (16)
  - a. A person shall be put to death for his own sin:
  - b. For his own sin:
- 7. A command to be compassionate and fair. (17-18)
  - a. You shall remember:
- 8. Leave behind some of the harvest for the poor. (19-22)
  - a. It shall be for the stranger, the fatherless, and the widow:
  - b. Therefore, I command you to do this thing:

#### MORE LAWS ON VARIOUS SUBJECTS

- A. Two laws to protect criminals and animals.
  - 1. A limit on corporal punishment. (1-3)
    - a. They justify the righteous and condemn the guilty:
    - b. If the wicked man deserves to be beaten:
    - c. Forty blows may he give him and no more:
  - 2. The command to not muzzle the ox. (4)
    - a. You shall not muzzle an ox:
- B. Two laws dealing with family matters.
  - 1. The marriage obligation of surviving brothers. (5-10)
    - a. One of them dies and has no son:
    - b. The firstborn son which she bears will succeed to the name of his dead brother, that his name may not be blotted out of Israel:
    - c. He will not perform the duty of my husband's brother:
  - 2. Wives forbidden to interfere in their husband's fights. (11-12)
    - a. Then you shall cut off her hand:
    - b. Your eye shall not pity her:
- C. Two laws commanding justice.
  - 1. God commands weights and measures be just. (13-16)
  - 2. God commands Israel to justly destroy Amalek. (17-19)
    - a. Remember what Amalek did:
    - b. Blot out the remembrance of Amalek under heaven:
    - c. When the LORD your God has given you rest:

# Please answer the following questions:

Ch	Chapter 21		
1.	What was done if a slain man was found and it was not known who killed him? (6-7)		
2.	What must a man do if he desires to take a wife from among the captives? (12-14)		
3.	How much was the inheritance of the firstborn son compared to the others? (17)		
4.	What was to be done to a rebellious son? (20-21)		
5.	How long was the body of a cursed man allowed to hang on a tree? (22-23)		
	apter 22 What was a person to do with an animal or item they had found? (1-4)		
2.	What was a person not to wear? (5,11)		
3.	What happened to a woman who her husband finds out after marrying that she was not a virgin? (21)		
4.	What happened to a man and woman found in adultery? (22)		

5.	What must a man do who lies with a virgin and they are found out? (28-29)
	apter 23  Who was not allowed into the assembly of the LORD even to the tenth generation? (2-3)
2.	What sanitation rule was given? (12-13)
3.	To whom were they not to charge interest? (19-20)
4.	What was said concerning vows? (21-23)
5.	What were they allowed to eat from their neighbor's land? (24-25)
	apter 24 Who should a person not take to be his wife? (1-4)
2.	How long after marriage was a man free not to go to war? (5)
3.	What was to be done to kidnappers? (7)

4.	How often should you pay a servant who is poor? (14-15)
5.	For whose sin was a person put to death? (16)
	apter 25 What was the maximum number of blows a man could receive during a beating? (3)
2.	What were they not to muzzle? (4)
3.	What was the marriage duty of a surviving brother? (5-6)
4.	What was the law concerning weights and measures? (15)
5.	What were the Israelites to do to the Amalekites? (19)