

INTRO: October 31, 2017 marks the 500th Anniversary of the Protestant Reformation. While the Reformers never summarized their theology so succinctly, their writings clearly revealed that they strongly believed in what eventually became known as the Five Solas. Today we study what each means and appreciate their continued importance for the Church.

Sola Scriptura: I.

The Reformers sought to return the Church to the true Authoritative Source. Cf. 2 Peter 2:20-21; 2 timothy 3:15-17; 2 Peter 3:14-16

Sola Fide: ______. The Reformers II.

believed the righteousness required for salvation was available only by faith. Ephesians 2:4-10; Titus 3:5.

III. Sola Gratia: ______. The Reformers

believed that if grace may be earned, it ceases to be grace. Cf. Romans 3:23-28.

IV. Solus Christus: ______. The

Reformers believed Christ's death paid Man's sin-debt once and for all. Cf. 1 Tim. 1:5; Hebrews 7:25;10:14; Acts 4:12; Rom. 5:1-2

Soli Deo gloria: _____ ____ ____ V.

If Man can contribute to his salvation, he may also boast and steal the glory belonging to God. Scripture teaches that God gets all the glory. *Cf. Isaiah 42:8; Ephesians 1:6,12,14; 1Corinthians 10:31.*